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including the definitions and requirements set forth at §102.21(b).

- (y) Smallpox vaccine recipient means a person:
- (1) Who has been a health care worker, law enforcement officer, firefighter, security personnel, emergency medical personnel, other public safety personnel, or support personnel for such occupational specialties who has volunteered and been selected to be a member of a smallpox emergency response plan prior to the time at which the Secretary publicly announces that an active case of smallpox has been identified within or outside of the United States;
- (2) Who is or will be functioning in a role identified in a smallpox emergency response plan:
- (3) To whom a smallpox vaccine is administered pursuant to a smallpox emergency response plan during the effective period of the Declaration; and
 - (4) Who sustained a covered injury.
- (z) State means any State of the United States of America, the District of Columbia, United States territories, commonwealths, and possessions, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Republic of Palau, and the Federated States of Micronesia.
- (aa) *Survivor* means a survivor of a deceased smallpox vaccine recipient or vaccinia contact meeting the requirements of §102.11.
- (bb) Third-party payor means the United States (other than for payments of benefits under this Program) or any other third-party, including any State or local governmental entity, private insurance carrier, or employer, with a legal or contractual obligation to pay for or provide benefits.
- (cc) Vaccinia contact means an individual who:
- (1) Contracted vaccinia during the effective period of the Declaration (or within 30 days after the end of such period):
- (2) Prior to contracting vaccinia, was accidentally inoculated by a person:
- (i) Meeting the criteria set forth in $\S 102.3(x)(1)$ —(3) (a person meeting the definition of a smallpox vaccine recipient, except for the requirement that the person sustained a covered injury); or

- (ii) Who was accidentally inoculated by a person meeting the criteria set forth in $\S 102.3(x)(1)$ –(3) (a person meeting the definition of a smallpox vaccine recipient, except for the requirement that the person sustained a covered injury); and
 - (3) Sustained a covered injury.

[68 FR 70093, Dec. 16, 2003; 69 FR 7376, Feb. 17, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 29810, May 24, 2006]

Subpart B—Persons Eligible To Receive Benefits

SOURCE: 68 FR 70093, Dec. 16, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

§ 102.10 Eligible requesters.

- (a) The following requesters may, as determined by the Secretary, be eligible to receive benefits from this Program:
- (1) Smallpox vaccine recipients, as described in §102.3(x):
- (2) Vaccinia contacts, as described in §102.3(bb); or
- (3) Survivors, as described in $\S 102.3(z)$ and $\S 102.11$.
- (4) Representatives of the estates of deceased smallpox vaccine recipients or vaccinia contacts (*i.e.*, individuals authorized to act on behalf of the deceased person's estate under applicable state law, such as an executor).
- (b) If a smallpox vaccine recipient or vaccinia contact dies, his or her survivor(s) or the representative of his or her estate may file a new Request Package (or Request Package(s)) or amend a previously filed Request Package. A new Request Package may be filed whether or not a Request Package was previously submitted by or on behalf of the deceased person, but must be filed within the filing deadlines described in §102.42. Amendments to previously filed Request Packages and the filing deadlines for such amendments are described in §102.46.
- (c) The benefits available to different categories of requesters are described in §102.30.

§ 102.11 Survivors.

(a) Survivors of individuals who died as the direct result of a covered injury. If the Secretary determines that a smallpox vaccine recipient or vaccinia contact died as the direct result of a covered injury (or injuries), his or her survivor(s) may be eligible for death benefits.

- (b) Survivors who may be eligible to receive benefits and order of priority for benefits.
- (1) The Act uses the same categories of survivors and order of priority for benefits as established and defined by the PSOB Program, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(3), (b)(4), and (b)(5) of this section.
- (2) The PSOB Program's categories of survivors (known in the PSOB Program as beneficiaries) and order of priority for receipt of death benefits are detailed under subpart 1 of part L of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.), as amended, as implemented in 28 CFR Part 32, as amended.
- (3) In the PSOB Program, the person who is survived must satisfy the eligibility requirements for a deceased public safety officer, whereas the person who is survived under this Program must be a deceased smallpox vaccine recipient or vaccinia contact who would otherwise have been eligible under this part.
- (4) Unlike the PSOB Program, if there are no survivors eligible to receive death benefits under the PSOB Program (as set forth in paragraph (b)(2) of this section), the legal guardian of a deceased minor who was a smallpox vaccine recipient or vaccinia contact may be eligible as a survivor under this Program. Such legal guardianship must be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction under applicable State law.
- (5) A surviving dependent younger than the age of 18 whose legal guardian opts to receive a death benefit under the alternative calculation on the dependent's behalf will have the same priority as surviving eligible children under the PSOB Program (consistent with paragraph (b)(2) of this section) even if the dependent is not the surviving eligible child of the deceased person for purposes of the PSOB Program. However, such a dependent may only be eligible to receive benefits under the alternative death benefits

calculation, described in §102.82(d), and is not eligible to receive death benefits under the standard calculation described in §102.82(c). Because death benefits paid under the alternative calculation will be paid to the dependents legal guardian(s) on behalf of all such dependents, the Secretary will not divide or apportion such benefits among the dependents.

(6) Any change in the order of priority of survivors or of the eligible category of survivors under the PSOB Program shall apply to requesters seeking death benefits under this Program on the effective date of the change, even prior to any corresponding amendment to this part. Such changes will apply to Request Packages pending with the Program on the effective date of the change, as well as to requests filed after that date.

Subpart C—Covered Injuries

§ 102.20 How to establish a covered injury.

(a) General. In order to receive benefits under the Program, a requester must submit documentation showing that a covered injury, as described in §102.3(g), was sustained. A requester can establish that a covered injury was sustained by demonstrating to the Secretary that a Table injury occurred, as described in paragraph (c) of this section. In the alternative, a requester can establish that an injury was actually caused by a covered countermeasure or accidental vaccinia inoculation, as described in paragraph (d) of this section. The Secretary will consider all relevant medical and scientific evidence, such as medical records and documentation submitted by the requester, when determining whether a covered injury was established. In addition, the Secretary may obtain the views of qualified medical experts in making determinations concerning covered injuries. As set forth in the definition of covered countermeasures, if a covered injury is related to the administration of a covered countermeasure, the countermeasure must have been administered to prevent or treat the smallpox disease or to control or treat the adverse effects of vaccinia vaccination or inoculation or